

West Northamptonshire Joint StrategicPlanningCommittee

Your attendance is requested at a meeting to be held at Daventry on Tuesday, 4 August 2009 at 6:00 pm.

D. Kennedy Chief Executive

Contact: Frazer McGown, Democratic Services Manager fmcgown@northampton.gov.uk or tel;01604 837101

Agenda

- APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE
- MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 6 JULY 2009 (copy herewith)
- 3. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST
 - Personal
 - Prejudicial
- 4. MATTERS OF URGENCY

To consider any issues that the Chairman is of the opinion are Matters of Urgency.

- CONSULTATION ON REGULATION 25 (copy herewith)
- 6. CONSULTATION ON AFFORDABLE HOUSING SUPPLEMENTARY PLANNING DOCUMENT (copy herewith)
- UPDATE ON RECRUITMENT (copy herewith)
- 8. UPDATE ON CONSULTATION FOR THE EMERGENT JOINT CORE STRATEGY
 - Interim Head of JPU to report.
- 9. THE CHAIRMAN TO MOVE:

"THAT THE PUBLIC BE EXCLUDED FROM THE REMAINDER OF THE MEETING ON THE GROUNDS THAT THERE IS LIKELY TO BE DISCLOSURE TO THEM OF SUCH CATEGORIES OF EXEMPT INFORMATION AS DEFINED BY SECTION 100(1) OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1972 AS ARE LISTED AGAINST SUCH ITEM OR ITEMS OF BUSINESS BY REFERENCE TO THE APPROPRIATE PARAGRAPH OF SCHEDULE 12A TO SUCH ACT."

Agenda Item 2

WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE JOINT STRATEGIC PLANNING COMMITTEE

Monday, 6 July 2009

PRESENT: Councillor Anthony Woods (Chair); Councillor Chris Millar (Deputy Chair);

Councillors Wendy Amos, Sandra Barnes, Jim Bass, Robin Brown, Richard Church, Stephen Clarke, Keith Davies, Jane Hollis, Ken Melling, Andre Gonzales de Savage, John Townsend, Paul Varnsverry and Mr David

Dickinson

1. APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMAN

The Chief Executive of South Northamptonshire Council called for nominations for the appointment of a Chairman.

Councillor Chris Millar proposed and Councillor Sandra Barnes seconded that Councillor Tony Woods be appointed Chairman of the Joint Planning Committee for the ensuing year.

RESOLVED: That Councillor Woods be appointed Chairman of the Joint Planning Committee.

The Chairman welcomed members of the public to the meeting and explained that the West Northamptonshire Joint Strategic Planning Committee had been established by statute to be the planning policy authority for West Northamptonshire. The Councillors of the Committee had been appointed by their respective councils and there were three observers who had non-voting rights from Wellingborough Borough Council (as being affected by some of the potential growth), West Northamptonshire Development Corporation (as the delivery vehicle that would be making the development control decisions) and a representative of the Labour Party as the life of the strategy would be until 2026. The Joint Planning Committee was supported by the Joint Planning Unit, which comprised professional planning officers, and it was also supported by a senior officer from each of the Councils sitting on the Programme Board. The Joint Planning Committee would set the overall planning policy and each council would have its own policies within that framework, for example, Northampton Borough's Central Area Action Plan. Furthermore, each District Council and the West Northamptonshire Development Corporation would make development control decisions within that framework.

The decision that the Joint Planning Committee would be making at this meeting was to approve the emergent Joint Core Strategy for public consultation. In November a presubmission draft would be published for consultation prior to being submitted to the Secretary of State in March 2010. It was hoped that as many people as possible would contribute to the formal consultation period. The Chairman explained that the headline figures of housing and jobs had been set by Government and the Regional Assembly and could not be reduced, however a higher number of homes and jobs could be planned for. The Joint Planning Committee was attempting to do the best it could for West Northamptonshire; and jobs and infrastructure would be vital to the success of the Strategy.

The Chairman explained that anyone wishing to object to any of the proposals contained in the emergent Joint Core Strategy would need to give reasons to support their objection, for example that the flood risk assessment for a particular area indicated that the land in question was not suitable for the proposed development or that a proper traffic assessment study had not been carried out. Objections should make reference to and use the evidence base, which had been published on the Internet. It would also be helpful if such objections also made suggestions as to where the development could go, equally referring to the evidence base, for example that in this location there was no flood risk and that the highways network was suitable to serve the proposed development. The Chairman commented that these plans would have a life of up to thirty years and clearly not all the development would happen quickly. The Joint Planning Committee felt that it was important to get the maximum benefit for the existing population and for new people coming into the area.

2. APPOINTMENT OF VICE- CHAIRMAN

The Chairman called for nominations for the appointment of a Vice-Chairman.

Councillor Sandra Barnes proposed and Councillor Richard Church seconded that Councillor Chris Millar be appointed Vice-Chairman of the Joint Planning Committee for the ensuing year.

RESOLVED: That Councillor Chris Millar be appointed Vice-Chairman of the Joint Planning Committee for the ensuing year.

3. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

None.

4. MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 21 APRIL 2009

The minutes of the meeting of the Joint Planning Committee held on 21 April 2009 were signed by the Chair.

5. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

- 1. Councillors Sandra Barnes, Chris Millar and Tony Woods declared a personal but non-prejudicial interest in Item 7 Emergent Joint Core Strategy, as members of the WNDC Board.
- 2. Mr David Dickinson declared a personal but non-prejudicial interest in Item 7 Emergent Joint Core Strategy, as a member of WNDC.
- 3. Councillors Sandra Barnes, Stephen Clarke and Tony Woods declared a personal but non-prejudicial interest in Item 7 Emergent Joint Core Strategy, as members of the East Midlands Regional Assembly.
- 4. Councillor Andre Gonzales de Savage declared a personal but non-prejudicial interest in Item 7 Emergent Joint Core Strategy, as Vice Chairman of Wootton and East Hunsbury Parish Council.
- 5. Councillor Wendy Amos declared a personal but non-prejudicial interest in Item 7 Emergent Joint Core Strategy, as a member of WNDC's Planning Committee for Daventry.
- 6. Councillor P D Varnsverry declared a personal but non-prejudicial interest in Item 7 Emergent Joint Core Strategy, as being acquainted with one of the speakers.

6. MATTERS OF URGENCY

None

7. EMERGENT JOINT CORE STRATEGY

The Chair reported that Sally Townsend had tabled a question in accordance with the Joint Planning Committee's Supplementary Procedural Rules, which she then read out as follows:

"Is the JPU confident that the delivery of jobs and infrastructure will happen in support of the dwelling numbers identified in the Joint Core Strategy? History, experience and evidence show that jobs and infrastructure don't follow the housing build or is slow in coming forward or in being delivered. Existing residents need to be confident that the evidence for the needed infrastructure and finance is available for its delivery before more dwellings are built because jobs will not follow and more of the same will happen without commuting and increased traffic.

Are the JPU confident that developers will not state that they can only deliver if the housing is built and then avoid the risk of the developer going into liquidation, as many have already done, leaving dwellings empty and sites not finished?

If these risks are not evaluated and funding put in place to alleviate the shortfall, what will the JPU do to ensure the delivery of the Joint Core Strategy Vision?"

The Chairman commented that the document before the Joint Planning Committee was the Emergent Joint Core Strategy. Evidence had been and was continuing to be gathered in respect of what infrastructure was required. This had been referred to consistently throughout the process so far. Additionally, meetings with the highways authority and Department of Transport had taken place and would continue to do so. The base line study of public service providers also included the utility providers, the Police, education, health and many of these groups were already sharing their plans to meet the demand that the proposed growth would bring. The Strategy needed to show how infrastructure could be delivered and it would also identify gaps in funding. Several parts of the Emergent Joint Core Strategy referred to highways and public transport needs and also referred to the risks involved in delivering the strategy. The Joint Committee could not control the survival of individual developers but the planning period itself was over 25 years. The current situation in Daventry with the appeals provided a clear example and a warning of what could happen if a policy framework were not in place.

Mr David Haywood MBE, on behalf of CLASP, a registered charity interested in the archaeology of West Northamptonshire, commented that the Charity was primarily concerned with investigating the Romano/British history of West Northamptonshire and noted that other periods of history were also richly represented in the area. He commented that the Strategy should include the digging, recording and preservation of this historic landscape and include what would happen to any finds. Mr Haywood commented that CLASP would be happy to provide any assistance they could, as they already did for WNDC. He noted that the document was silent on these matters.

The Interim Head of the JPU commented that in respect of archaeology, the national guidelines were not considered part of a Core Strategy and it was not expected to repeat National Guidance. She noted that green infrastructure was included within the Emergent Joint Core Strategy and that an environmental sensitivity assessment had already taken place. She further commented that the assistance of CLASP would be welcomed.

Mr Rod Sellers, on behalf of the Residents Alliance of East and West Hunsbury and

Collingtree, commented that the residents had viewed the Emergent Joint Core Strategy with dismay and equally were unhappy that saying no to the proposals was not an option. The Residents Alliance were also dismayed that the Government were using outdated and flawed population figures, which had been taken up by the local planners. The Residents Alliance were also dismayed that the proposal by a local developer appeared to have been incorporated into the Policy, ie a development for 2,200 houses on farmland and golf course adjacent to Collingtree. He had previously written to the JPU and put forward reasoned arguments, including the fact that the development would not be sensitive to the existing community. He commented that the JPU had not yet carried out assessments of flood risk, landslip, highways needs and noise from the M1. He commented that the proposals provided nothing for existing residents.

The Chair commented that he had received correspondence from Mr Murray Croft on behalf of the Residents Alliance and on the same subject dated 5 July 2009 and enclosing previous correspondence on the same subject dated 9 November 2008.

Mr Allen Clarke, an English local historian and archaeologist, commented that it was part of Government policy that development should pay respect to and enhance local archaeology. He referred to the general plight of archaeology within Northamptonshire and compared this with RSS8, which stated the importance of archaeology. He was disappointed that the Emergent Joint Core Strategy did not make greater reference to this subject and commented that he could provide documentary evidence to support his statement. He noted that the Northampton Central Area Action Plan recognised PPG15, ie the protection of the built heritage but did not include PPG16, which concerned protecting archaeology below ground. He regarded this as a weakness. He commented that good strategy formed good policy and that the Strategy should comply with national advice and best practice.

The Interim Head of the JPU repeated her previous comment that a Joint Core Strategy was not required to repeat National Guidance. She also referred to the inclusion within the Emergent Strategy of green infrastructure and cultural heritage.

Mr Clarke commented that the term "Emergent" tended to imply that the document was in an immature stage of development and felt that it should make reference to national policy at a local level.

The Interim Head of the JPU submitted a report that sought the approval of the Joint Strategic Planning Committee to the publication and public consultation on the Emergent Joint Core Strategy as appended to the report. She noted that the Joint Core Strategy (JCS) would be the long term strategic plan for the development of West Northamptonshire and that it was a spatial policy document that dealt with places and activities that would take place within them. The production of a JCS was a legal requirement, which the partner authorities of Northampton Borough, Daventry District, South Northamptonshire and Northamptonshire County Councils had been required to produce by the Government. The four councils were working in close co-operation with the West Northamptonshire Development Corporation (WNDC) who would be a key body in the delivery of development and infrastructure. She noted that a pre-submission draft of the JCS was due for publication in November 2009 to meet the timetable, when a further period of consultation would take place. The Joint Core Strategy would then be submitted to the Secretary of State in March 2010 and an examination in public by the Planning Inspectorate due around September 2010. She confirmed the statement of the Chairman that it was not an option to say no to the principle of growth but local choices could be made as to how this growth would be implemented. Further clarification of job provision, housing market needs and transportation assessments were all required. She commented that the stage had been reached for the current document to be made available for public debate and to move forward from the issues and options documents previously published in 2007. The Emergent JCS set out the preferred directions for strategic growth, particularly around Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley; the pivotal importance of retail investment to town centre regeneration; the essential need to deliver infrastructure and the policy approach to sustaining rural communities and the character of the countryside. The publication of the Emergent JCS would allow for a wide discussion and would help service providers to consider their plans for dealing with the growth. The strategy was about existing communities as well as new ones. It was not the final plan; it needed to reflect what local people wanted especially in terms of facilities that would benefit existing communities. She noted that a sustainability appraisal of the Emergent JCS was ongoing and would be published alongside the JCS as part of the consultation in mid-July 2009.

The Interim Head of the JPU commented that following advice from Queens Counsel that the Committee should consider an additional recommendation to the report as follows:

"That the Interim Head of the JPU is delegated authority in consultation with the Chair of the Joint Planning Committee to make further editorial changes that:

- clarify the policy approach and the response sought from consultees, for example that each section includes a "policy approach" as that in the sections covering 4.8.3 – Green Infrastructure and Cultural Heritage,
- improve the readability and signposting of the document, and
- correct any grammatical and typographical errors."

Queens Counsel advice had also been that the final sentence of paragraph 1.12 on page 2 of the report be deleted and replaced by:

"Consultation arrangements will provide further opportunities for the public to make representations at the pre-submission stage."

The Interim Head of the JPU noted that once the Emergent Joint Core Strategy was published for consultation a number of public exhibitions, briefings for Councillors and Parish Councils and other events aimed at other stakeholders, such as developers and landowners, would be undertaken. The consultation that had taken place and the comments received were required to be made available to the Joint Planning Committee. She noted that the focus of growth in the plan period up to 2031 was on Northampton, including regeneration in Northampton to relieve pressure on the other towns although they too were clearly to be allocated some growth

A discussion ensued in respect of the report, comment being made on the importance of infrastructure and the need for the growth to be infrastructure led. It was noted that it was critical to have a JCS in place so as to avoid the current situation in Daventry, where development was being led by appeals from developers against the refusal of planning permission because a policy framework did not currently exist. It was also noted that the regeneration of Northampton town centre, Daventry and Towcester would be critical to the success of the Strategy and that it was also important that whilst villages also needed services rural areas could be protected from significant development beyond those areas that will be subject to urban extensions. These could be handled sympathetically.

The Interim Head of the JPU then referred to the appendix to the committee report, which set out the Emergent Joint Core Strategy and circulated four "matters" to be considered as amendments to the document.

Matter 1 was to insert into the Foreword on page iii some further paragraphs as follows:

"The West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy will be the long term strategic plan for the development of the area so it will deal with the big picture of what will happen here. It will be a 'spatial' plan which means it deals with places and the activities that happen within them. It will replace parts of the local plans for Daventry District, South Northamptonshire District and Northampton Borough.

This document is the West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy - 'emergent strategy'. It sets out current thinking with respect to the policy approach that should be taken in West Northamptonshire and is based on the evidence collected to date. It is not a draft plan or final strategy but is based on a significant body of work.

Following a six week consultation period, further work with key stakeholders and further evidence gathering this thinking will become firmer, the document will change and it will become the Joint Core Strategy that will be put forward for submission to the Government Office for the East Midlands. At that point- in November 2009 a further consultation period will take place.

At present some parts of the now well developed evidence base are clearer than others – the contents of this plan must not therefore be seen as a firm commitment to the policy approach contained within although much of the evidence base is strong in the context of the objectives of the plan. Where further work is needed we have endeavoured to note this in the text. The evidence base can be found on the following website: www.westnorthamptonshirejpu.org"

We want to know whether the proposed policy approach is supported? If so why?, and if not why not?"

Respond to:

and Matter 2 was to insert on page 5 paragraph 2.0.1 paragraphs headed Spatial Portrait Summary. As follows

"Spatial Portrait Summary"

"West Northamptonshire sits at the cross roads of the East and West Midlands regions well within the influence of the economy of London. The capitals influence on the area will persist throughout the plan period and beyond. West Northamptonshire is set to receive a significant amount of growth with around 62,000 new dwellings and over 37,000 new jobs between 2001 and 2026. It requires considerable investment in transport, utilities, health, and other social infrastructure to support this growth and ensure vital towns and rural areas. The people of the area come from diverse social groupings and bring a wide range of skills and qualities to the areas' economy and social life.

West Northamptonshire has:

- Excellent connections to the rest of the country and mainland Europe particularly by road – contrasting with increased congestion.
- Attractive rolling rural landscapes typified by mixed agricultural use, woodland and country houses together with many rivers, lakes, reservoirs and canals that also characterise its towns.
- A strongly defined settlement pattern with Northampton as the primary town, market towns and villages.
- High levels of car ownership and usage.
- A broad based economy with high economic activity rates
- High house prices in parts of the area but in comparison with national prices

affordability is relatively good, particularly given its close proximity to the south east.

- Areas of high incomes and wealth contrasting with areas of significant deprivation particularly in Northampton and Daventry
- Wide ranging cultural and sporting facilities, including international assets such as Silverstone race circuit.

Key Matters for the Strategy

The need to accommodate growth is not a choice – the area is a national growth area and this growth must be managed to benefit existing and future residents, visitors and businesses.

Elements of the existing infrastructure in West Northamptonshire are at or are close to capacity. Compared to the growth sought, the infrastructure capacity would be inadequate in terms of transport and utilities – the strategy will address this need to support additional growth with the appropriate physical, social and green infrastructure and its delivery is reliant upon a host of public sector partners. Investment is needed to ensure that the towns do not become so congested that it affects economic performance or diminishes the quality of life to the extent that it becomes an unattractive place to live.

Some parts of the towns have great potential for regeneration, renewal and revitalisation which the strategy will address. These include the western and eastern arcs of Northampton (for renewal) the town centre of Northampton (for regeneration) and the commercial centres of Towcester, Brackley and Daventry (for revitalisation). In addition the commercial centres of Northampton require improvement.

Competition with other towns in the locality means that the commercial centres lose trade to other towns and retail parks e.g. Northampton loses significant trade to Milton Keynes and its out of town retail parks, yet could provide a very different offer in terms of a retail and leisure experience, whilst Daventry needs to maintain a position in relation to its near neighbours as they grow e.g. Northampton, Rugby, Banbury and Milton Keynes. This is to be addressed in the strategy.

The connections between and within some of the towns need to be improved to make the area an effectively functioning network. This will be addressed.

Some of the towns in West Northamptonshire would benefit from enhanced cultural and social facilities namely in Northampton and Towcester. This too is to be addressed in the strategy.

The need to manage the impacts of climate change and reduce the environmental footprint of the area is pressing. The strategy will address this matter. "

The Joint Committee agreed to the inclusion of these paragraphs.

Matter 3 referred to the removal of paragraph 3.0.3 on page 8 and the insertion of:

"The Local Area Agreement

The Joint Core Strategy will support and help deliver the range of targets contained within the Local Area Agreement for Northamptonshire. The current Local Area Agreement runs from 2008-2011."

The Joint Planning Committee agreed to this amendment.

Matter 4 referred to the insertion of further paragraphs after 4.0.1 on page 12 and after paragraph 4.0.2, also on page 12.

The Joint Planning Committee agreed to this addition.

The Joint Planning Committee agreed to the amendment of the Vision on page 9 in respect of the fifth paragraph so as to remove the word "centre" and be replaced by "market town".

The Interim Head of the JPU referred to paragraph 4.0.6 on page 12 and commented that there were further concerns in respect of the identified sites of Northampton South and Northampton Junction 16, which should reflect the comments made on page 30 in respect of flood risk assessments and highways assessments.

A discussion ensued in respect of Northampton Junction 16, there being a discrepancy between the land area identified for employment potential and the SELA study of the area. Comment in respect of the sustainability of the site was discussed in terms of it having no sense of place. The Interim Head of the JPU noted that this site had been put forward as employment land if sufficient sites could not be identified within the existing urban areas and that the SELA study is a piece of evidence that is still being completed

Reference was then made to the proposed development at Northampton North between Moulton and Overstone. Councillor Church proposed and Councillor Millar seconded that the following statement be added in a suitable location of the Emergent JCS:

"The core strategy will seek to strengthen the role of Northampton University, Moulton College, Northampton College and other centres of learning, enabling them to become hubs for generating economic activity and foster specialist business clusters.

The university, colleges and other centres of learning will provide an opportunity to establish a stronger identity for their respective neighbourhoods and will enable higher density mixed use developments in their locale.

Learning opportunities in West Northamptonshire will be maximised by the ready physical access to the university and other higher, further and lifelong learning facilities. These facilities will be a key feature in varying the local skills base, attracting new employers and affording generations the chance to stay in West Northamptonshire rather than seeking employment outside the county. "

In answer to a question the Interim Head of the JPU noted that housing evidence was being reviewed and updated through the Housing Market Needs Assessment, which would probably lead to a revision of the affordable housing requirement for South Northamptonshire Council. She agreed that the table on page 16 would highlight that this was the case and that current evidence had to be used in this version of the strategy.

At this juncture the Chair proposed that in accordance with the Joint Planning Committee's Supplementary Procedural Rules the two hour guillotine on the length of meetings be waived so as to allow the discussions to continue. This proposal was accepted.

Councillor Chris Millar proposed and Councillor Ken Melling seconded that paragraph 4.3.16 be reworded to read:

"DIRFT is a current strategic location for storage and distribution and, as a significant site, is noted in the key diagram. The East Midlands Plan requires further rail serviced sites to be provided for within the West Northamptonshire housing market area during the Plan period. DIRFT is potentially a location for further storage and distribution growth due to its rail connection and market viability. A Route Utilisation Strategy and Rail Freight Study are currently being drafted and developed. On conclusion of this strategy and study a preferred choice can be made with respect to further strategic location for storage and distribution."

The proposal was agreed.

The Interim Head of the JPU noted that Sections 4.3 and 4.5 needed to be clarified by an explanation that assessments were still being worked on.

At this juncture the Chairman adjourned the meeting for 5 minutes at 20:10 hours until 20:15 hours.

In respect of Section 4.5.1.11, relating to Northampton South East, the Interim Head of the JPU asked the Joint Planning Committee to note that the need for a flood risk assessment needed to be included as well as the evidence base to support the potential development of 18,000 dwellings. It was noted that the initial housing figure to 2026 was 6,250, but it was believed that the proposed infrastructure enhancements would allow for the development of up to 18,000 dwellings over the longer planned period to 2031. She noted that work in detail on transport modelling and other supportive infrastructure was taking place. The JCS needed to say at this stage that the evidence suggested that this level of growth could be sustained.

Comment was made on the need to consider East/West transportation flows particularly in Northampton North and also improvements to the A43, it being noted that the County Council had already looked at what was needed for the A43. It was also noted that road improvements could be phased. The Chairman of the Programme Board noted that the JCS was a strategic document and once agreed it would influence the spending plans of different funding bodies. Where infrastructure was needed this would form part of any planning permission and would be made an absolute requirement.

In answer to a question the Head of the JPU noted that once all existing planning permissions and site assessments had been taken into account, the urban capacity figure for Northampton stood at about 5,500. This capacity is being considered in light of the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment It was noted that the figure quoted was lower than previous studies have indicated but that the difference might partially be explained by a different treatment of allotment land and increasing evidence that former commercial buildings had not been developed for housing at the previously anticipated rate. David Dickinson noted that an assessment of employment land on brown field sites was outstanding and that NEL intended to carry out such a survey from September.

The Interim Head of the JPU noted that the final bullet point under paragraph 4.5.4.2, in respect of Brackley North and the infrastructure required, should be deleted. She noted that on page 45 the retail capacity figures should be included using the evidence from the Retail Capacity Study.

In respect of paragraph 4.8.1.4 it was noted that Billing was mentioned twice and one of the references should be deleted and replaced by St David.

A discussion ensued with regard to Sixfields and the fact that it was not included in the hierarchy of the retail centres. It was noted that Sixfields was not regarded as a district centre and therefore was not given specific mention within the JCS. It was also noted that the Joint Planning Committee had already agreed to the regeneration of Northampton Town Centre as the primary commercial centre. The recent Retail Capacity Study had made it clear that the town centre had been adversely affected by out of town retail parks. The JCS did, however, acknowledge Kingsthorpe and Weston Favell as district centres.

It was noted that South Northamptonshire Council had commissioned a Rural Interim Housing Policy in respect of the sustainability of villages, as two appeals had recently been lost. It was noted that evidence to support the hierarchy of villages to accommodate growth needed to be clear.

In respect of developing infrastructure the Chairman of the Programme Board noted that there were several ways in which funding might be secured, either through Government investment or private sector investment and that there were ways to develop front ending of the funding. This would give developers certainty about the future, which helped them to make the investment necessary. If the money was provided up front then the developer could get this money back over the life of the project. Details of how this might work in West Northamptonshire context needed to be further considered.

The Interim Head of the JPU noted that the West Northamptonshire Sports Strategy provided good information on sports and leisure needs, as well as children's play. These would be important aspects of the JCS. It was also noted that even in sensitive environments development was not necessarily ruled out. It was a question of whether the development could be carried out in a sufficiently sympathetic or sensitive way.

The Interim Head of the JPU confirmed that paper copies of the Emergent JCS would be sent to all Parish Councils who would also have the opportunity of consultation meetings with the JPU. Residents Associations would be circulated with the documents in non-parished areas and copies would be placed in libraries and schools (where possible).

RESOLVED: (1) That the report, as amended at the suggestion of Queens Counsel, be received.

- (2) That the publication of the Emergent Joint Core Strategy as set out in Appendix A and as amended by the Joint Planning Committee be published for the purpose of public consultation to commence as soon as practicable for a 6 week period.
- (3) That the Interim Head of the JPU is delegated authority in consultation with the Chair to make further editorial changes that:
 - clarify the policy approach and the response sought from consultees, for example that each section includes a "policy approach" as that in sections covering 4.8.3 – Green Infrastructure and Cultural Heritage,
 - improve the readability and signposting of the document, and
 - correct any grammatical and typographical errors.

8. FINANCE AND PROCUREMENT PROTOCOL

The Head of Corporate Services for South Northamptonshire Council submitted a report that sought approval to a Financial and Procurement Protocol so as to clarify the arrangements in relation to the operation of the Joint Planning Unit. He noted that the proposal would put the Protocol and Memorandum of Intent and the proposed service contracting arrangements on a formal contractual footing. He commented that the respective Section 151 officers and Monitoring Officers of all four councils had been consulted. The Head of Corporate Services noted that paragraph 16 of the Protocol should be amended by the replacement of "31 May" by "31 October". At the suggestion of Councillor Stephen Clarke it was agreed that paragraph 56 of the protocol should be expanded to make clear that where an audit report contained an assurance level or recommendations that would normally result in reference to an Audit Committee locally, such reference should apply for any JPU related reports.

RESOLVED: (1) That the Finance and Procurement Protocol as amended and appended to the report be agreed.

(2) That the officers of the partner authorities seek approval as quickly as practicable to the completion of a legal agreement incorporating the Protocol, the Memorandum of Intent and agency arrangements to enable South Northamptonshire Council to contract for the relevant services on behalf of all partner authorities.

The meeting concluded at 21.11 hours.

Agenda Item 5

Item No: 5

Date: 4th August 2009

WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE JOINT STRATEGIC PLANNING COMMITTEE

West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy Regulation 25 Consultation

REPORT OF THE INTERIM HEAD - WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE JOINT PLANNING UNIT

Purpose

1.1 The purpose of this document is to outline the responses received to the Regulation 25 Consultation for the Joint Core Strategy carried out between Thursday 8th January and Thursday 5th March 2009.

Recommendation

2.1 That the Joint Strategic Planning Committee notes the responses received.

Summary

- 3.1 This report summarises the responses and process of the Regulation 25 Consultation, held in early 2009. It is intended that the comments received be noted and a further report detailing how these comments were incorporated into the Joint Core Strategy be prepared as part of the wider consultation report required by the regulations governing plan making.
- 3.2 Following the Issues and Options consultation, held in Autumn 2007, the Government made changes to the regulations that govern the production of planning policy documents, including an amendment to Regulation 25 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Development) (England) Regulations 2004. The alterations made it prudent for the West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit to carry out additional consultation on the scope of the Joint Core Strategy under Regulation 25.
- 3.3 In order to comply with Regulation 25, the Joint Planning Unit asked:

Are there any other matters (i.e. subjects, topics or themes), which the Joint Core Strategy for West Northamptonshire should contain?

3.4 The consultation ran from Thursday 8 January until Thursday 5 March 2009 and was publicised by letter to organisations held on the West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit database, and on the West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit website.

- 3.5 Regulation 25 now applies to all consultation carried out throughout plan making up to the pre submission stage. A key change in the regulations was that there is no longer a requirement for a "Preferred Options" stage of formal consultation; instead there is emphasis on the involvement of residents and business throughout the preparation of the Development Plan as a continual process.
- 3.6 The responses received in relation to the consultation have been used to inform the West Northamptonshire Emergent Strategy, as the Joint Planning Unit progresses towards Pre-Submission (November 2009) and Submission (March 2010).

Responses

- 4.1 The question asked for the Regulation 25 consultation related to themes. The responses were analysed, and grouped within a series of themes.
- 4.2 The consultation drew on a broad range of interests and responses have been grouped by themes. A summary of the number of responses received on each theme with the respective percentage is shown below in **Table 1: Summary of Representations.**

Table 1: Summary of Representations

Rank	Theme	No. of Responses	% (of
			responses)
1	Allocations and the	16	30%
	Promotion of Land	_	20/
=7	Climate Change	5	9%
=9	Community	3	5%
=7	Constraints to Growth	5	9%
=10	Culture and Heritage	2	3%
=6	Design	6	11%
2	Employment and Economy	13	24%
3	Environmental Infrastructure	12	22%
	and Biodiversity		
=6	Flood Risk	6	11%
=7	Housing General	5	9%
=10	Identity and Place Making	2	3%
4	Infrastructure	11	21%
=11	Minerals	1	2%
=11	Monitoring	1	2%
=8	Objections	4	7%
=7	Planning Obligations	5	9%
=10	Partnership Working	2	3%
=11	Faith and Religion	1	2%
=9	Resource Efficiency	3	5%
=7	Retail	5	9%
=7	Rural	5	9%
=8	Sport and Open Space	4	7%
=9	Tourism	3	5%
5	Transport	10	18%
	TOTAL NUMBER OF	66	
	RESPONDEES		
	Total confirming no new	13	
	response		
	Total responses with	53	100%=53
	substantive material	_	

- 4.3 The top five most frequently cited matters that respondents wished to see covered within the Joint Core Strategy related to:
 - Allocations and the Promotion of Land
 - Employment and Economy
 - Environmental Infrastructure and Biodiversity
 - Infrastructure
 - Transport
- 4.4 Other than the "top 5" it is important to note the general spread of comments, with many areas receiving fewer than five representations. However, this quantitative analysis does not reflect the qualitative nature of the information contained within the responses and supporting evidence, which was highly detailed in some cases.
- 4.5 The following provides a brief summary of what each "theme" covered and the comments received to the "top 5" issues. A full summary of the comments and the JPU response is available on request.

Allocations and the Promotion of Land

- 4.6 This theme reflects representations which were received from agents promoting land in and around West Northamptonshire. The areas covered included:
 - Overstone Leys (North of Northampton)
 - Northampton Highgate (South of M1 motorway)
 - Land at Walgrave
 - Land at Hackleton
 - Rugby Radio Station/ Mast site
 - Northampton South East
 - Wootton Strategic Development Area

Employment and Economy

- 4.7 Employment and Economy was a broad theme covering all representations that related to future employment opportunities or the wider economy of the area. Of the thirteen responses, many of these related to the requirement for flexibility within the plan to promote business opportunities and the cross-boundary opportunities which exist for West Northamptonshire.
- 4.8 The role of DIRFT (Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal) was central to the responses from Advantage West Midlands and the West Midlands Regional Assembly.

Environmental Infrastructure and Biodiversity

- 4.9 This area covered green infrastructure in addition to biodiversity matters.
- 4.10 Comments were wide ranging, with responses affirming the importance of green infrastructure within the plan. Since the Regulation 25 consultation the West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit have completed "Green Infrastructure and Landscape Sensitivity Studies" for the whole of the area, which seek to identify strategic green infrastructure corridors and place these within the wider context.

4.11 The Joint Planning Unit gratefully received detailed green infrastructure and environmental studies in relation to specific areas which will be used in the preparation of the evidence base for the Joint Core Strategy.

Infrastructure

4.12 This theme reflects representations which cited infrastructure as a principal requirement for growth, or made reference to specific and general infrastructure gaps. It is recognised that a number of representations which referred to infrastructure also questioned funding mechanisms. Where this was the case, the comment was recorded twice - once for infrastructure and once more for planning obligations. Infrastructure, for the purposes of this analysis excluded particular comments relating to transport.

Transport

- 4.13 Transport was considered a related issue to "infrastructure", as some of the comments referred to the approach to be taken within the Core Strategy in dealing with an objective of "sustainable transport" and "behavioural change" in addition to roads and other forms of physical infrastructure required. Six of the responses on transport were from those promoting land within West Northamptonshire. Issues raised by the public included congestion and the A45 between Daventry and Northampton.
- 4.14 As noted, the detailed responses to these most frequently cited themes and all other responses are available on request.

Next Steps

- 5.1 This report is a summary of the consultation process and the responses received in relation to the Regulation 25 consultation. Under Regulation 25, there is an ongoing requirement for consultation throughout the plan making process.
- 5.2 As part of the wider remit of Regulation 25, the Joint Planning Unit is engaging in another period of consultation on the "Emergent Core Strategy". The Emergent Strategy sets out the Joint Planning Unit's present thinking on the preferred options for growth.
- 5.3 The responses to the Joint Core Strategy Issues and Options consultation (2007) have been used to inform the Emergent Strategy. Each stage of consultation is taken account of in forming the Pre-Submission (Draft) and the Submission Document to be examined by the Secretary of State.

Implications

6.1 This Regulation 25 consultation provided valuable feedback from stakeholders and formed part of the statutory requirement of plan making. The themes and concerns raised during the consultation must be accounted for within the final Joint Core Strategy and the response to the representations logged.

Agenda Item 6

Item No: 6

Date: 4th August 2009

WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

JOINT STRATEGIC PLANNING COMMITTEE

West Northamptonshire Affordable Housing SPD

REPORT OF THE INTERIM HEAD-JOINT PLANNING UNIT

Purpose

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to summarise the consultation process and outline the responses to the West Northamptonshire Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document and accompanying Sustainability Appraisal appended to the Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document.
- 1.2 The purpose of the Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document, once adopted, is to provide interim supplementary policy guidance based on the saved local plan policies of the three districts of West Northamptonshire until the adoption of the Developer Contributions and Affordable Housing Development Plan Document and Joint Core Strategy. These are programmed for adoption in the Local Development Scheme for September 2011 and January 2011 respectively.

Recommendation

2.1 That the Joint Strategic Planning Committee notes the responses received and support the proposed 'Next Steps' in Section 4.

Summary of Consultation Process:

- 3.1 Consultation commenced on 9th April and lasted for 6 weeks. A press notice was placed in the local papers prior to the consultation period explaining the purpose of the Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document and how comments can be submitted to the Joint Planning Unit.
- 3.2 The document was placed on the Joint Planning Unit and councils' websites. Copies were made available at the councils' offices and at local libraries.

3.3 A total of approximately 2,000 emails and letters were sent to interested parties and stakeholders explaining the purpose of the Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document and how comments could be submitted.

Summary of Responses:

- 4.1 There were 63 representations to the West Northamptonshire Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document consultation from numerous individuals and a wide range of organisations and agencies from the public, private and voluntary sectors.
- 4.2 15% of those consulted either had no comments or did not respond. (10 out of 66)
- 4.3 There was a clear concern voiced in numerous responses in respect of viability assessments. The concern over their use was mainly that there is not presently enough evidence to justify this policy and that viability data may be drawn from the economic period before the recession when the market was buoyant.
- 4.4 Many responses presented the view that a threshold of four homes in rural areas will not always be viable and should be subject to viability assessments.
- 4.5 7.1% (4 out of 56) stated that the housing market figures used to form a basis for the SPD were based on pre-recession data that they do not reflect current market conditions.
- 4.6 There was a strong response for keeping affordable housing to a minimum in rural settlements with 7.1% of the responses stating that the existing local populations should have priority for affordable housing.
- 4.7 A key issue raised by a number of respondents was the issue of flexibility in relation to affordable housing requirements. Many communicated the view that a standard policy for percentage of affordable housing requirements can discourage small site developments coming forward and may reduce the potential overall number of affordable housing delivered.
- 4.8 Of those who responded, 14% (8 out of 56) stated that having a requirement to limit groupings of affordable homes to 6 is too small, as specialist schemes such as assisted living for the elderly require many more units. A number of respondents voiced concern over maintenance issues stating that larger groupings were more desirable for Housing Associations.
- 4.9 4.7% of those who responded were in favour of tenure blind design. 5.3% of those who responded stated that tenure blind design standards will increase development costs and will make the proposed affordable housing percentages unviable, especially for rural South Northamptonshire in the current housing market.
- 4.10 General concerns were raised on the tenure mix policy and that service and maintenance charges should be consistent across tenures in the same

development. The specific point was also raised that specialist schemes like assisted living for the elderly can create tension and conflict between the different tenure groups and that site specific policy/ agreements are required.

4.11 Pepper potting was generally favoured although the issue of maintenance of these units was raised as a general concern.

Next Steps:

- 5.1 This report is a summary of the process and responses received in relation to the Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document to date.

 Officers are considering individual responses to the Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document consultation and writing a report that explains the acceptance or rejection of these responses. It is proposed that this report will be submitted to the 25th August Programme Board Meeting in the first instance.
- 5.2 An update of the West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing Market Assessment is currently being undertaken by independent consultants and is due for completion on 31st August. This technical evidence will inform affordable housing policy both in the Supplementary Planning Document and Developer Contributions and Affordable Housing Development Plan Document. As this update of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment will provide updated evidence there is a need to reconsider the timetable for the Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document to allow for time for the update of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment to be duly considered and inform a redraft of the Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document for consultation expected in September 2009. The consultation period, in compliance with Regulations, would need to be between four and six weeks.
- 5.3 It would be possible to take forward the work without the evidence update but this course of action is not considered to be prudent given the need for policy to be supported by up to date evidence.

Implications:

- 6.1 Due to the current timetable for the Update of the Strategic Housing Market Assessment and the value of considering this updated evidence to inform the draft Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document will miss meeting the adopted Local Development Scheme timetable for plan adoption of September 2009. However, since Supplementary Planning Documents no longer need to be included in Local Development Schemes Government Office advice is that there are no penalties for this delay.
- 6.2 Whilst this further delays adoption of the Supplementary Planning Document (albeit supplementary and based on aging existing policy) it is considered that the value of an approach based on current evidence is not comparable to one that is based on up to date evidence.

Agenda Item 7

Item No: 7

Date: 4th August 2009

WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE JOINT STRATEGIC PLANNING COMMITTEE

West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit Progress on Recruitment

REPORT OF THE INTERIM HEAD - WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE JOINT PLANNING UNIT

Purpose

1.1 The purpose of this report is to update members on the progress with respect to permanent recruitment of posts to the West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit.

Recommendation

2.1 That the Joint Strategic Planning Committee notes the report.

Summary

3.1 This report updates members on the progress with respect to recruitment to permanent posts in the Unit and informs them of the measures being put in place to fill skill gaps and gaps in the establishment until a full complement of staff is achieved.

Recruitment

- 4.1 The following posts have now been filled with permanent staff:
 - Team Leader Development Plan Documents
 - Information and Programme Manager (arrives mid August)
 - 2 x Principal Officers (one in place, the second arrives early August)
 - 2 x Senior Officers
 - Monitoring Officer
- 4.2 The following posts are held by long term seconded staff:
 - 2 x Planning Officers

- 4.3 The following posts are currently being recruited:
 - Head of the Joint Planning Unit
 - 2 x Administrative posts
 - 1 x Technician post

Interim Measures

- 5.1 The post of Interim Head of Unit continues to be filled on a part time basis and this arrangement will continue for a further period but with less time in the office than has been the case since November. It is considered that the further presence of a project manager is therefore required in the short term and an additional consultant will be joining the team to work directly with the Interim Head and Team Leader Development Plan Documents to take forward both the Joint Core Strategy and the Affordable Housing and Developer Contributions Document.
- 5.2 One administrative post is already being covered, as is the technician post until a technician is recruited. Additional administrative support is used as required from Northampton Borough or a temping agency.
- 5.3 Further short term support is still in place for the completion of the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment.

Next Steps

- 6.1 As the further permanent staff are recruited so the temporary and interim support will be phased out. The Unit will continue to seek additional assistance where needed from temporary staff and within budget.
- 6.2 The assistance of the Partner Authorities' planners to ensure that both all local knowledge and district and borough perspectives are captured continues to be a primary requirement.

Implications

7.0 The programme is currently running to timetable. The recruitment of a permanent head and the other permanent staff will be crucial to progress.